

There is a need for a standardized naming schema

for software components and precious little time to waste.



CENSUS II: LESSON LEARNED

There are complexities associated with package versions.

SBOM guidance will need to reflect identification and versioning information that is consistent with the public "main" repository for that package.



CENSUS II: LESSON LEARNED

The most widely used FOSS is developed by only a handful of contributors.

Results in one dataset show that 136 developers were responsible for more than 80% of the lines of code added to the top 50 packages.



CENSUS II: LESSON LEARNED

Individual developer account security is increasingly important.

The OpenSSF encourages the use of MFA tokens to achieve greater account security.



CENSUS II: LESSON LEARNED

The persistence of legacy software

in the open source space suggests that open source has not escaped the problem of legacy technology.



CENSUS II: LESSON LEARNED

600,000 data points

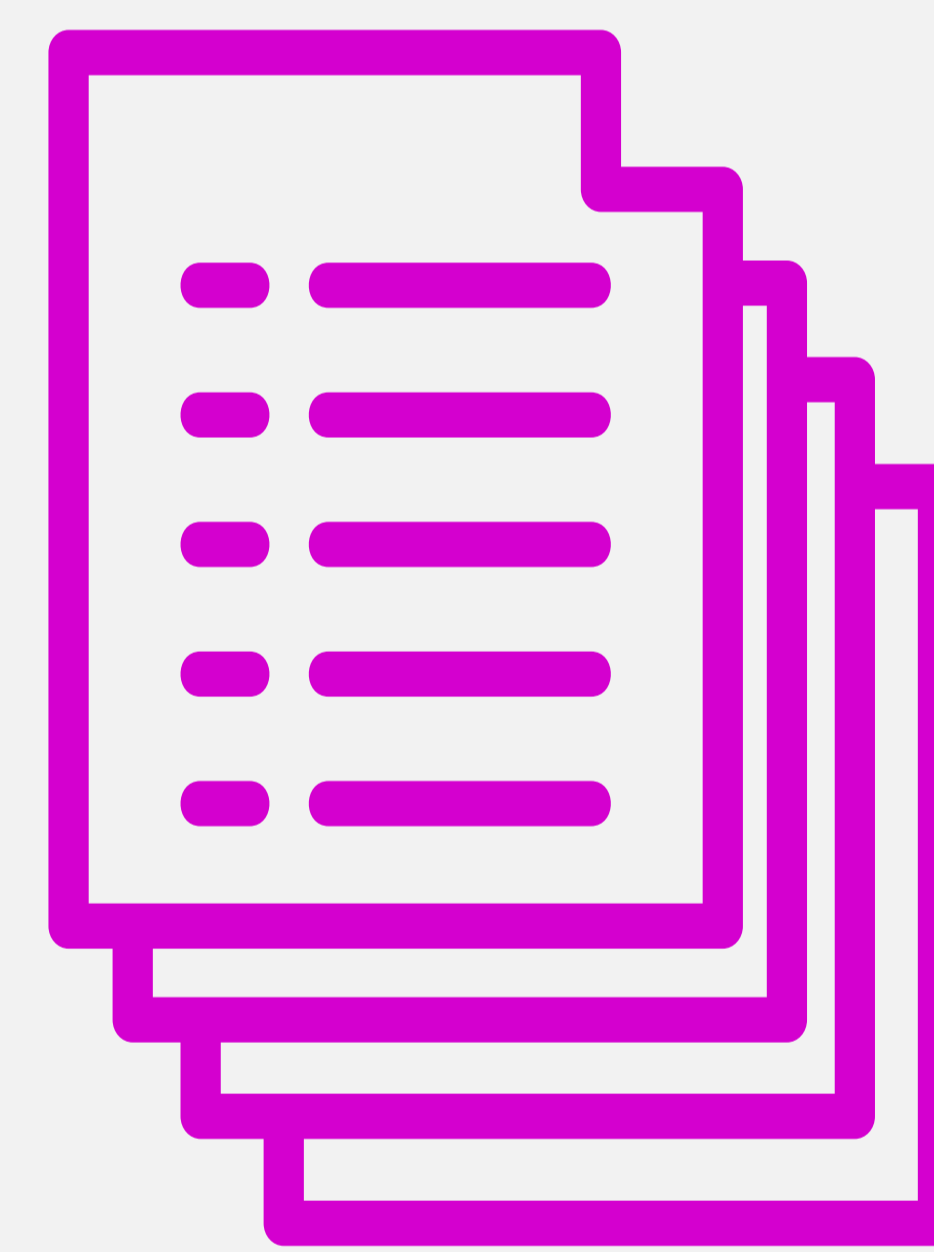
from Software Composition Analysis (SCA) and application security companies were the basis of the Census II research effort.



CENSUS II: METHODOLOGY

The research generated eight top 500 lists,

a combination of versioned/ version-agnostic, direct/ indirect dependencies, and npm/non-npm hosted packages.



CENSUS II: RESULTS



When considering npm, indirect & direct, version agnostic packages, **the top used package was debug.**

CENSUS II: RESULTS

When considering non-npm, indirect & direct, version agnostic packages, **the top used package was the go package**

github.com/aws/aws-sdk-go.



CENSUS II: RESULTS



When considering npm, direct only, version agnostic packages, **the top used package was lodash**

CENSUS II: RESULTS

When considering non-npm, Direct only, Version Agnostic Packages, **the top used package was the maven package org.slf4j:slf4j-api.**



CENSUS II: RESULTS

log4j showed up as number 38

in the non-npm, direct, version-agnostic packages list.



CENSUS II: RESULTS